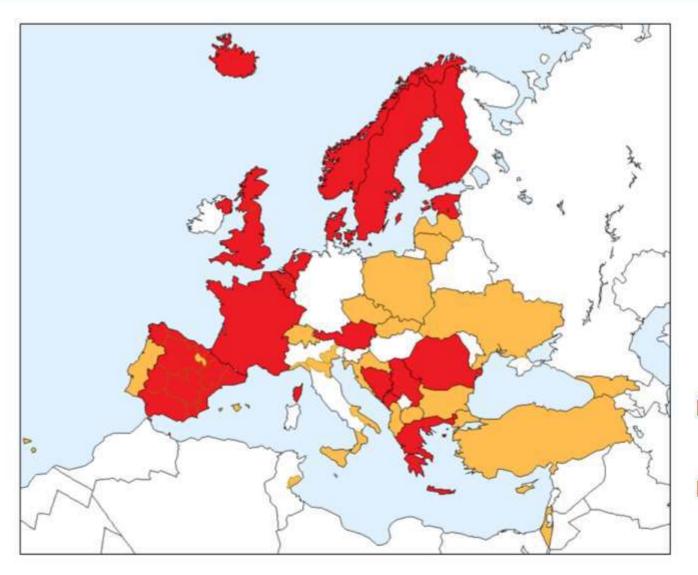


Summary of the 2014 ERA-EDTA Registry Annual Report



National and regional renal registries that contributed data to the 2014 ERA-EDTA Registry Annual Report

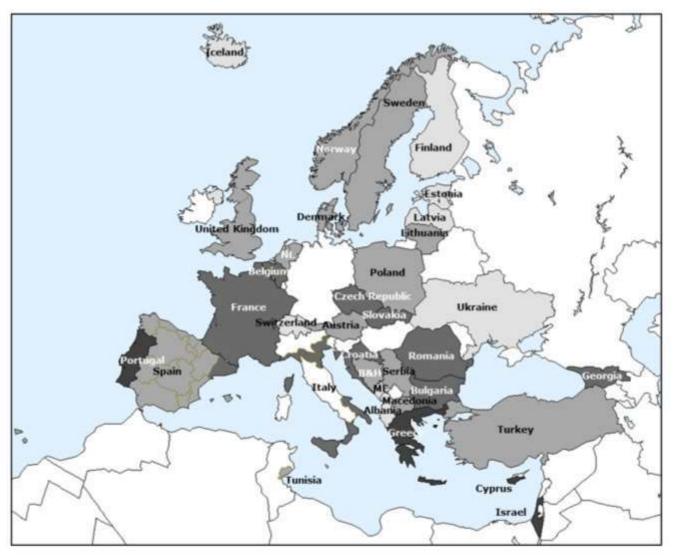




- Renal registries contributing with individual patient data
- Renal registries contributing with aggregated data

Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2014, at day 1 by country



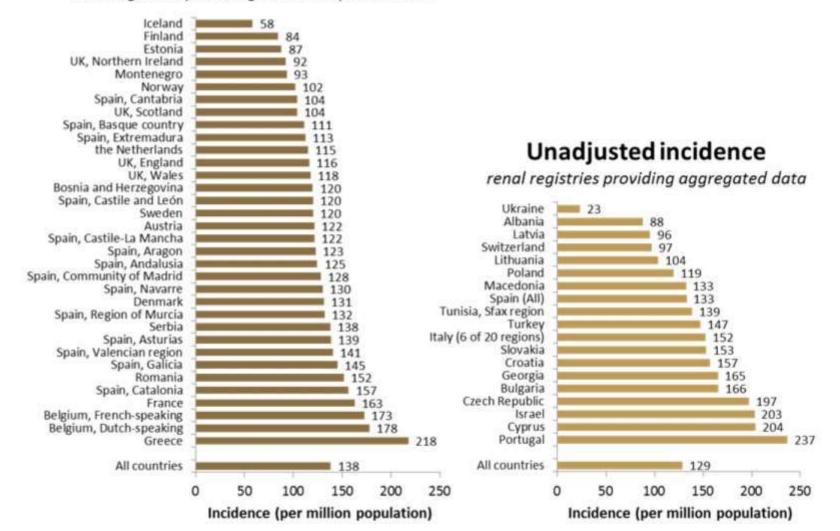


- <100 pmp
 100-149 pmp
 150-199 pmp
- 150-199 pmp
- ≥200 pmp
 - No data available

Incident patients accepted for RRT in 2014, at day 1 by country



Unadjusted incidence



by country, adjusted for age and gender

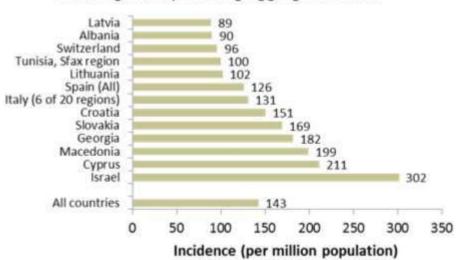


Adjusted incidence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Adjusted incidence

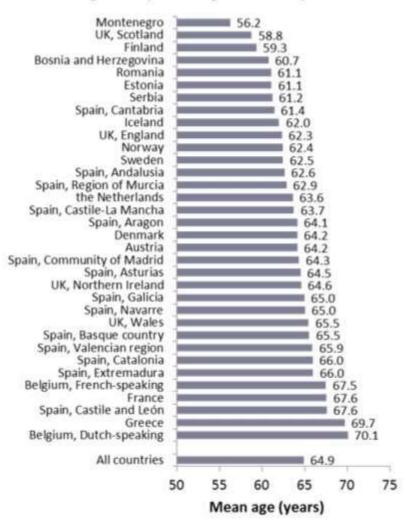


mean age

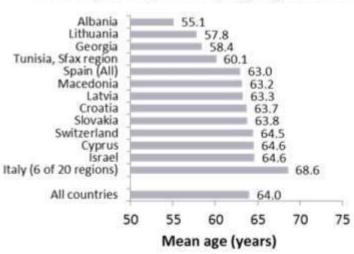


Mean age at start of RRT

renal registries providing individual patient data



Mean age at start of RRT



mean age by gender, for registries providing individual patient data only

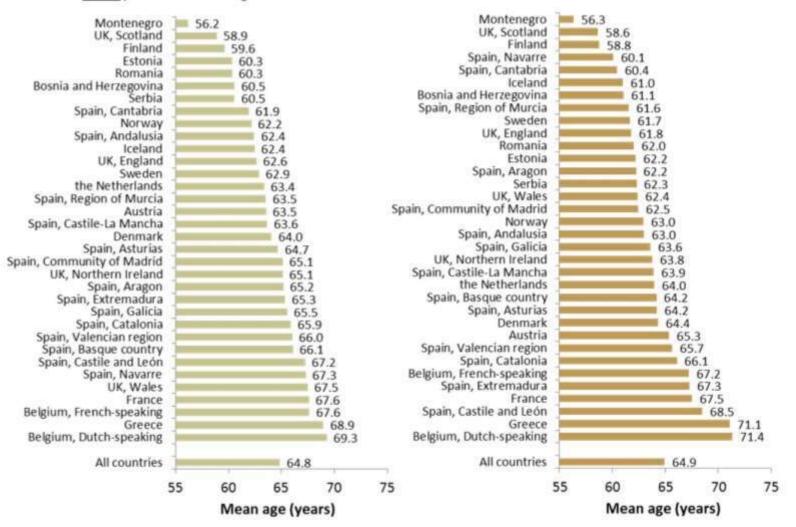


Mean age at start of RRT

male patients starting RRT in 2014

Mean age at start of RRT

female patients starting RRT in 2014

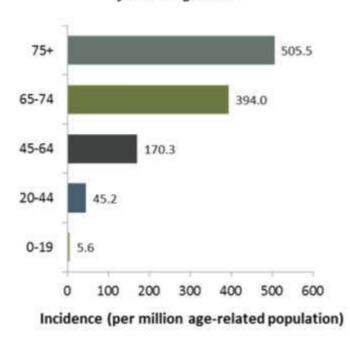


by age category

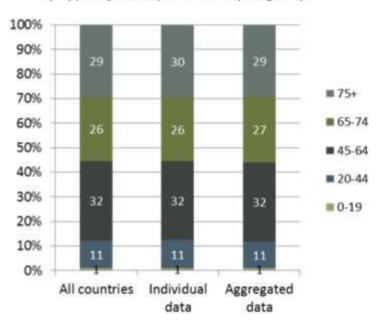


Incidence by age category

for all registries



Incidence by age category

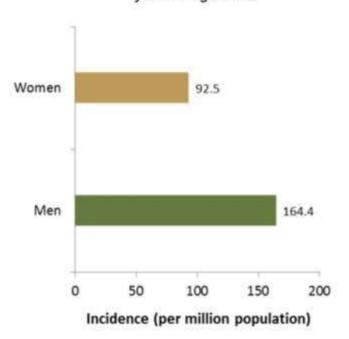


by gender

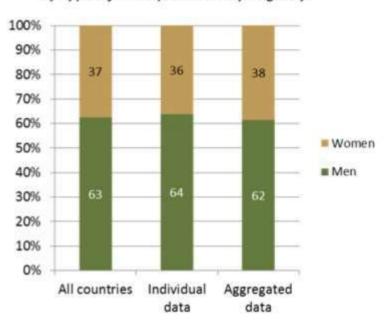


Incidence by gender

for all registries



Incidence by gender



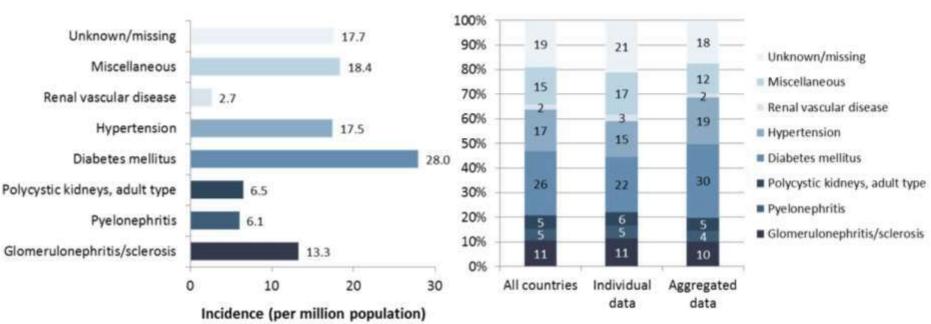
by primary renal disease



Incidence by primary renal disease

for all registries

Incidence by primary renal disease



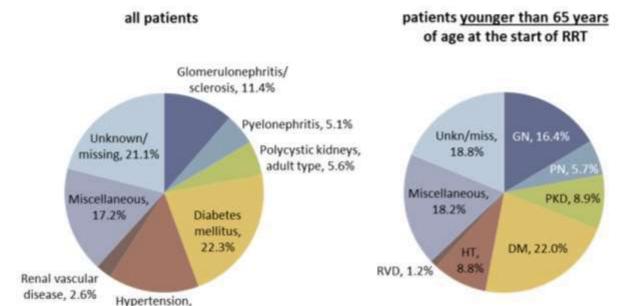
by primary renal disease and age category

14.7%

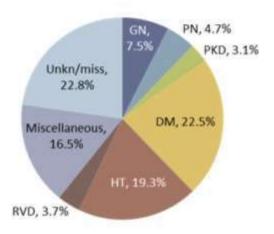


Incidence by primary renal disease

patients from registries providing individual patient data only



patients aged 65 years or older at the start of RRT

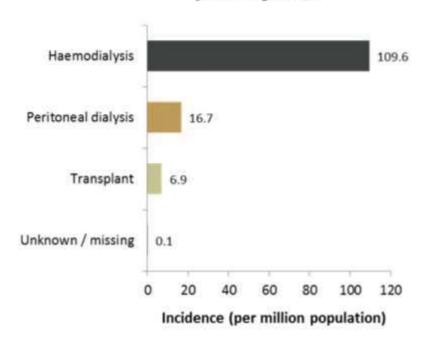


by established modality

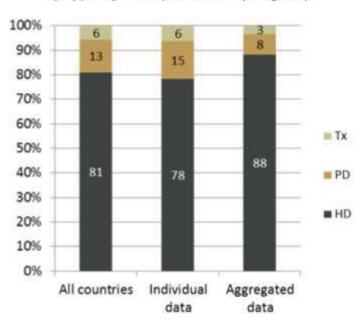


Incidence at day 91 by established modality

for all registries



Incidence at day 91 by established modality



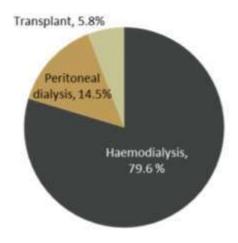
by established modality and age category



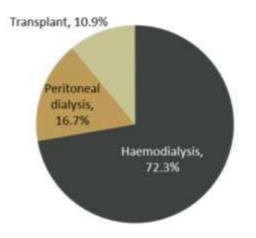
Incidence at day 91 by established modality

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

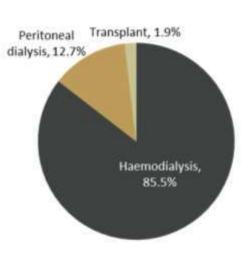
all patients



patients younger than 65 years of age at the start of RRT



patients aged 65 years or older at the start of RRT

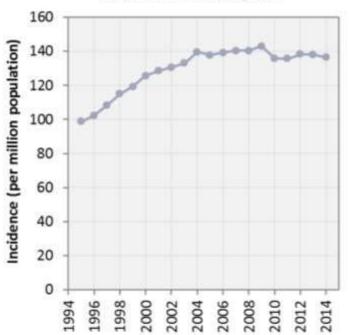


last 20 years (1995-2014)

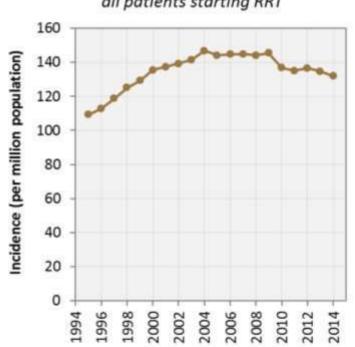


Unadjusted incidence over time

all patients starting RRT



Adjusted incidence over time



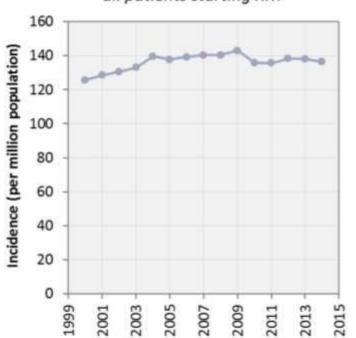


last 15 years (2000-2014)

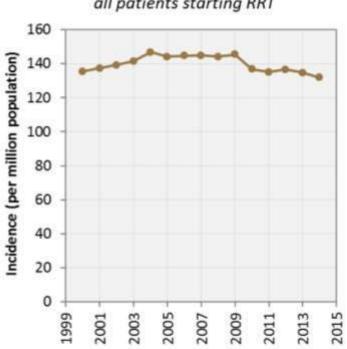


Unadjusted incidence over time

all patients starting RRT



Adjusted incidence over time



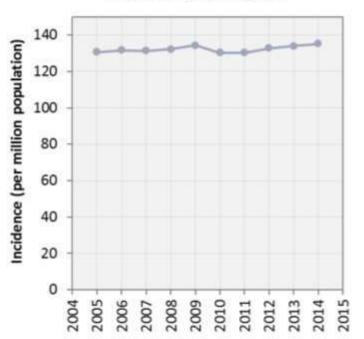


last 10 years (2005-2014)

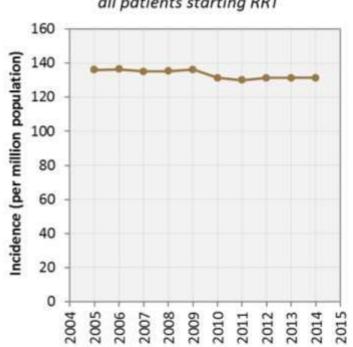


Unadjusted incidence over time

all patients starting RRT



Adjusted incidence over time



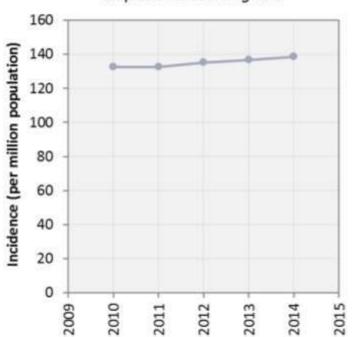


last 5 years (2010-2014)

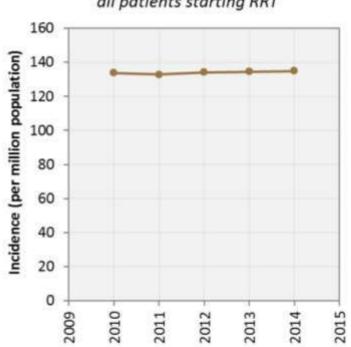


Unadjusted incidence over time

all patients starting RRT



Adjusted incidence over time





by country





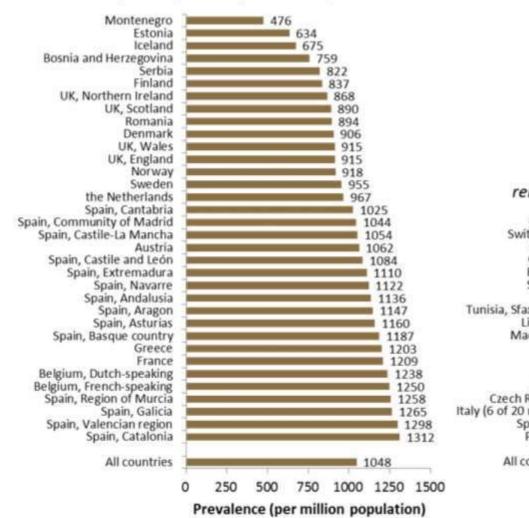
- No data available

by country

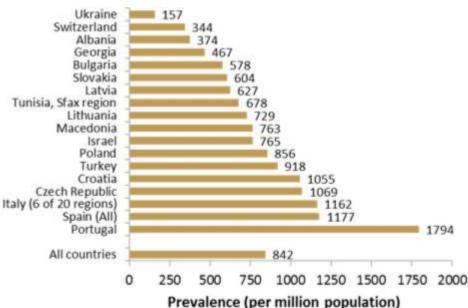


Unadjusted prevalence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Unadjusted prevalence

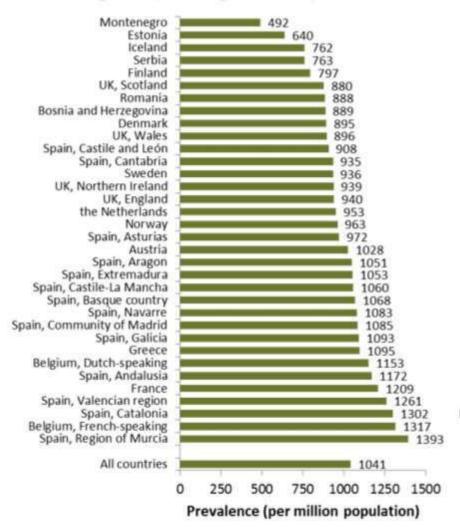


by country, adjusted for age and gender

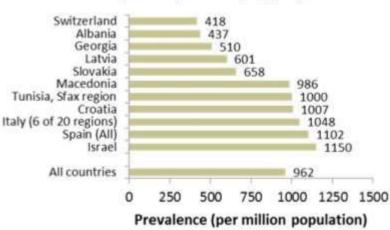


Adjusted prevalence

renal registries providing individual patient data



Adjusted prevalence



mean age

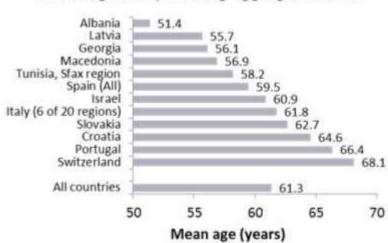


Mean age at 31 December 2014

renal registries providing individual patient data



Mean age at 31 December 2014



mean age by gender, for registries providing individual patient data only

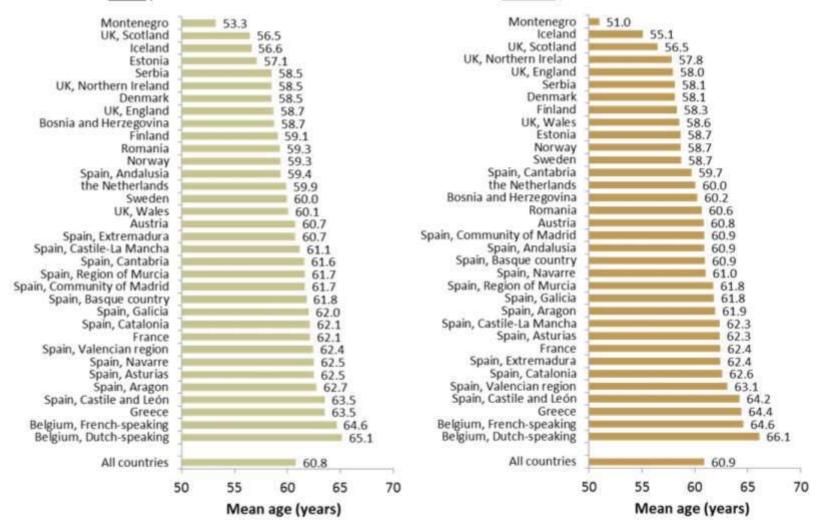


Mean age at 31 December 2014

Mean age at 31 December 2014

male patients on RRT in 2014

female patients on RRT in 2014

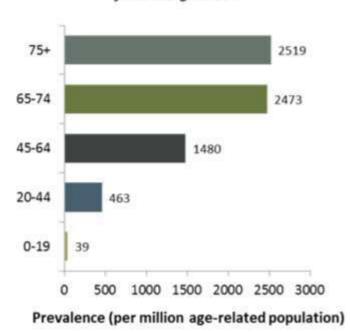


by age category

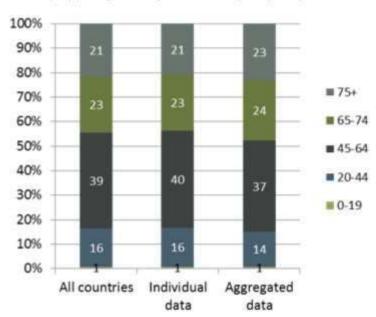


Prevalence by age category

for all registries



Prevalence by age category

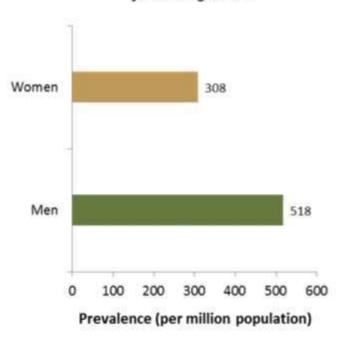


by gender

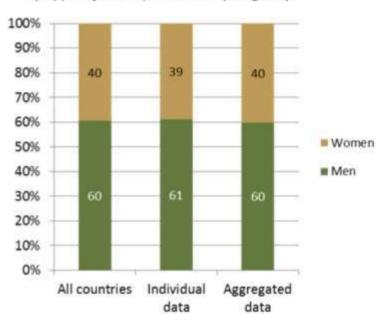


Prevalence by gender

for all registries



Prevalence by gender



by primary renal disease

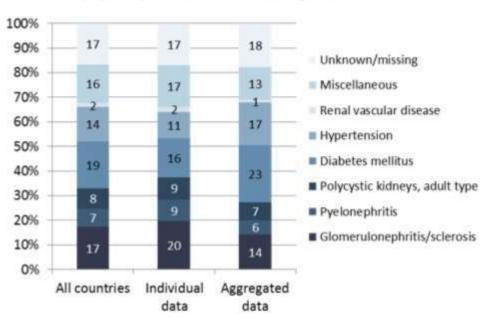


Prevalence by primary renal disease

for all registries

Unknown/missing 103.2 Miscellaneous 129.3 Renal vascular disease 13.3 Hypertension 90.4 Diabetes mellitus 132.8 Polycystic kidneys, adult type 69.2 Pyelonephritis 65.7 Glomerulonephritis/sclerosis 151.9 100 Prevalence (per million population)

Prevalence by primary renal disease

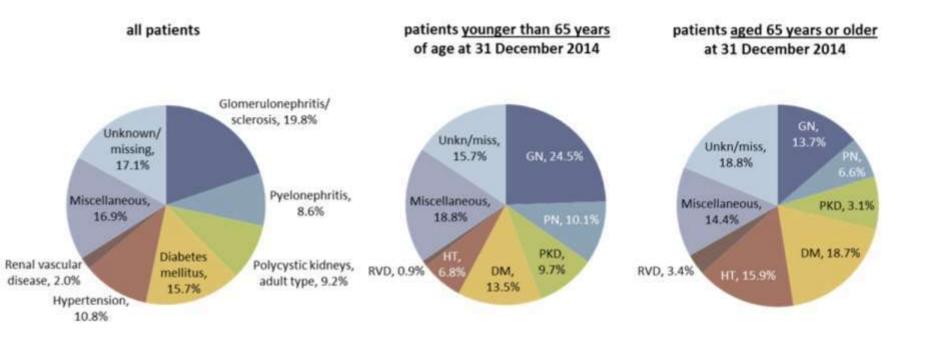


by primary renal disease and age category



Prevalence by primary renal disease

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

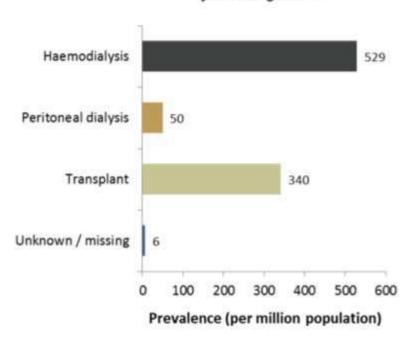


by modality

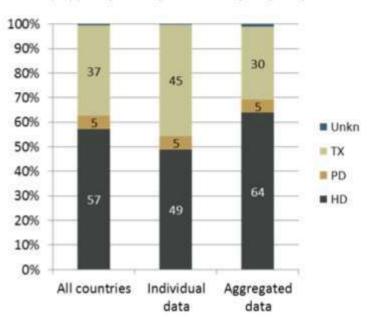


Prevalence by modality

for all registries



Prevalence by modality



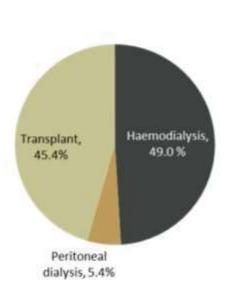
by modality and age category



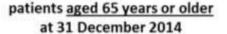
Prevalence by modality

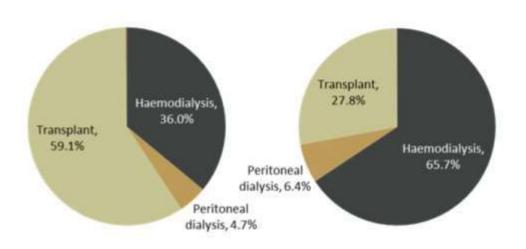
patients from registries providing individual patient data only





patients younger than 65 years of age at 31 December 2014



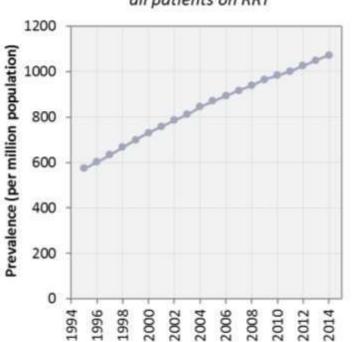


last 20 years (1995-2014)

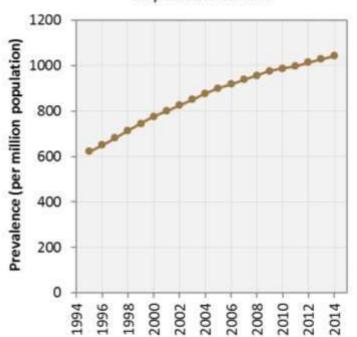


Unadjusted prevalence over time Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT







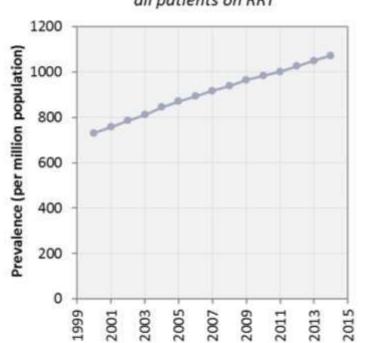


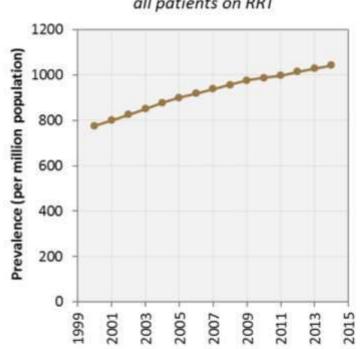
last 15 years (2000-2014)



Unadjusted prevalence over time Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT all patients on RRT





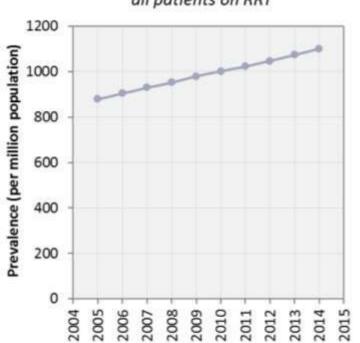


last 10 years (2005-2014)

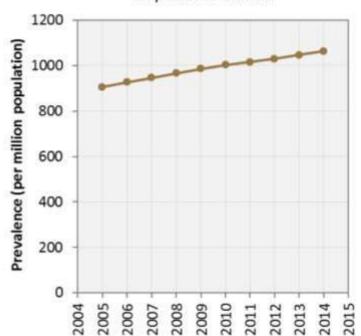


Unadjusted prevalence over time Adjusted prevalence over time

all patients on RRT





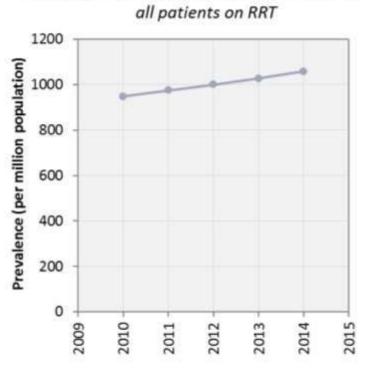


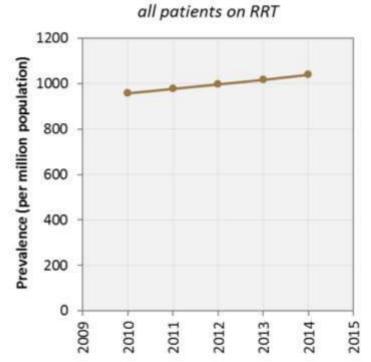


last 5 years (2010-2014)



Unadjusted prevalence over time Adjusted prevalence over time



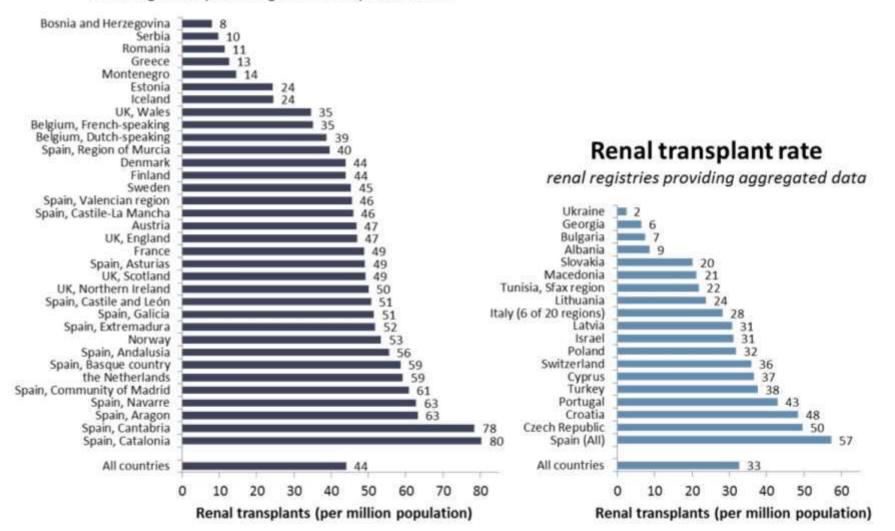




by country



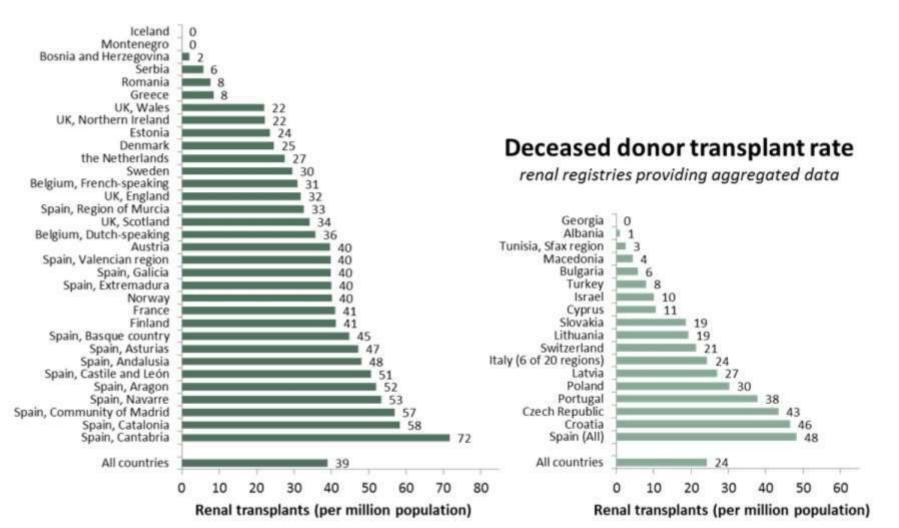
Renal transplant rate



transplants from deceased donors, by country



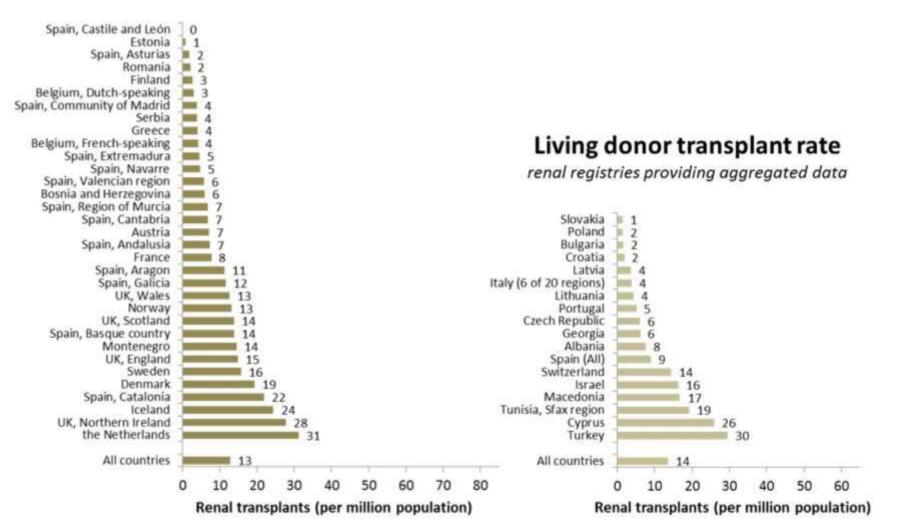
Deceased donor transplant rate



transplants from living donors, by country



Living donor transplant rate

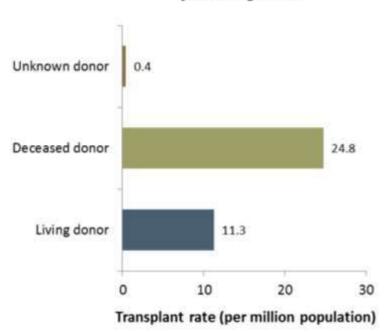


by donor type

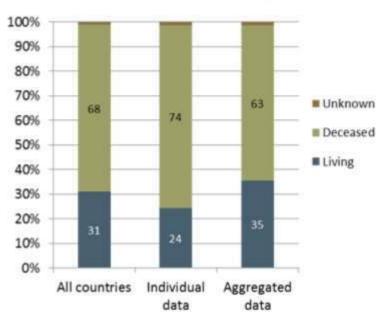


Renal transplants by donor type

for all registries



Renal transplants by donor type



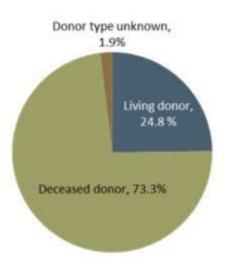
by donor type



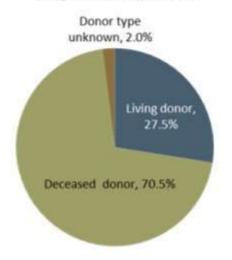
Renal transplants by donor type

patients from registries providing individual patient data only

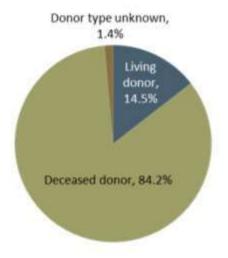
all patients



patients younger than 65 years of age at transplantation



patients <u>aged 65 years or older</u> at transplantation



Survival probability

by modality

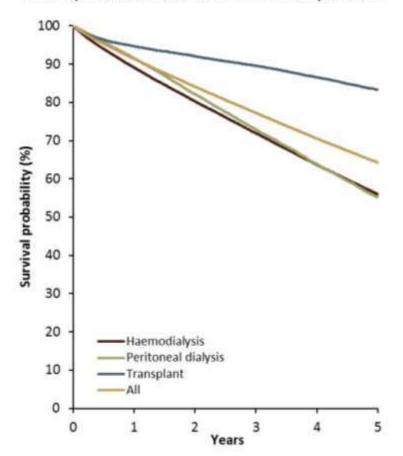


Adjusted survival* (cohort 2005-2009)

incident dialysis patients and patients receiving a first transplant

from day 91, by modality adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure

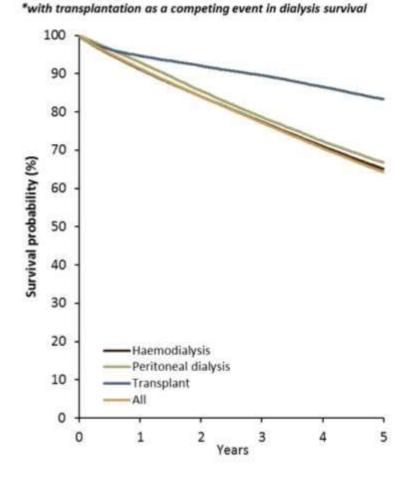
*with transplantation as a censored observation in dialysis survival



Adjusted survival* (cohort 2005-2009)

incident dialysis patients and patients receiving a first transplant

from day 91, by modality adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Survival probability

by modality and primary diagnosis

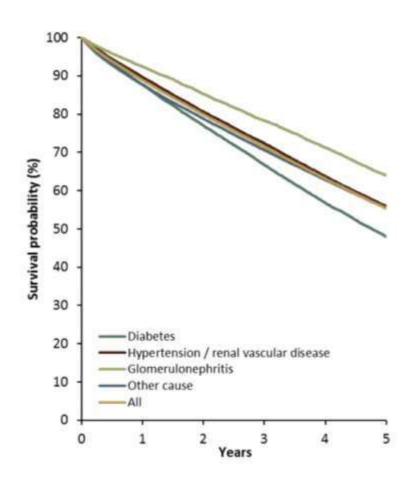


Adjusted survival* (cohort 2005-2009)

incident haemodialysis patients

from day 91, by modality adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure

*with transplantation as a censored observation in dialysis survival

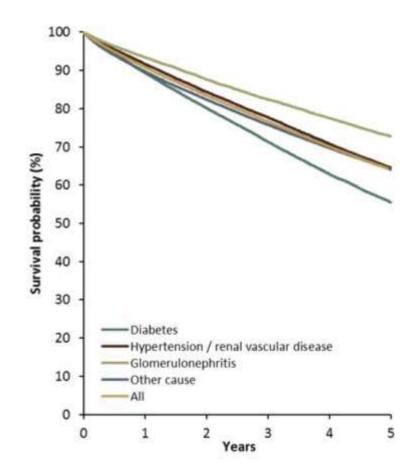


Adjusted survival* (cohort 2005-2009)

incident haemodialysis patients

from day 91, by modality adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure

* with transplantation as a competing event in dialysis survival



Survival probability

by modality and primary diagnosis

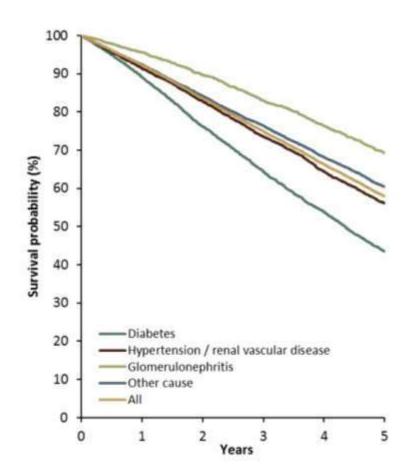


Adjusted survival* (cohort 2005-2009)

incident peritoneal dialysis patients

from day 91, by modality adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure

*with transplantation as a censored observation in dialysis survival

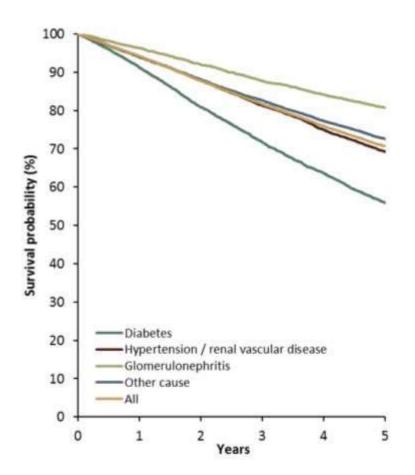


Adjusted survival* (cohort 2005-2009)

incident peritoneal dialysis patients

from day 91, by modality adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure

*with transplantation as a competing event in dialysis survival



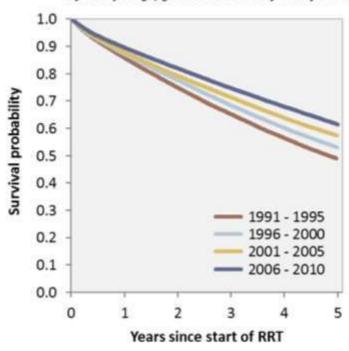
Patient survival on renal replacement therapy

by cohort



Patient survival: incident RRT patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

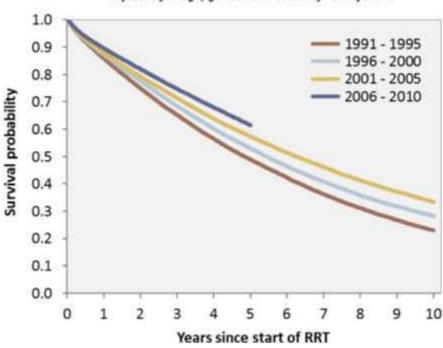
Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (60 years), gender (60% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (20% diabetes mellitus, 17% hypertension / renal vascular disease, 15% glomerulonephritis and 48% other primary renal diseases).

Patient survival on renal replacement therapy by cohort



Patient survival: incident RRT patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (60 years), gender (60% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (20% diabetes mellitus, 17% hypertension / renal vascular disease, 15% glomerulonephritis and 48% other primary renal diseases).

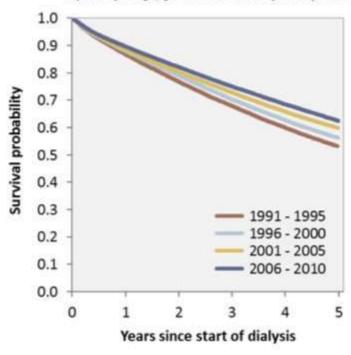
Patient survival on dialysis

by cohort



Patient survival: incident dialysis patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Survival was examined using the Fine and Gray competing risk method, with kidney transplantation as a competing event.

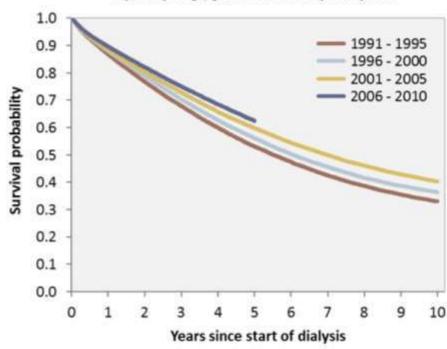
Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (60 years), gender (60% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (20% diabetes mellitus, 17% hypertension / renal vascular disease, 15% glamerulonephritis and 48% other primary renal diseases).



Patient survival: incident dialysis patients

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Survival was examined using the Fine and Gray competing risk method, with kidney transplantation as a competing event.

Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (60 years), gender (60% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (20% diabetes mellitus, 17% hypertension / renal vascular disease, 15% glomerulonephritis and 48% other primary renal diseases).

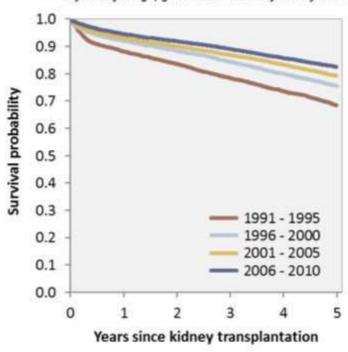
Patient survival after first kidney transplantation





Patient survival: after first kidney transplantation

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

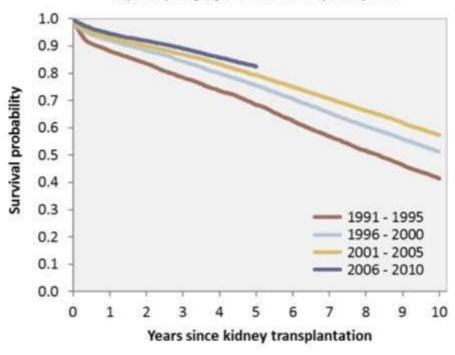
Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (60 years), gender (60% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (20% diabetes mellitus, 17% hypertension / renal vascular disease, 15% glomerulonephritis and 48% other primary renal diseases).

Patient survival after first kidney transplantation by cohort



Patient survival: after first kidney transplantation

adjusted for age, gender and cause of renal failure



Analyses included data from the following countries and regions: Austria, Belgium (French-speaking part), Denmark, Finland, Greece, Iceland, the Netherlands, Norway, Andalusia (Spain), Catalonia (Spain), Scotland (UK) and Sweden.

Survival probabilities were adjusted for fixed values for age (60 years), gender (60% men), and the primary renal disease distribution (20% diabetes mellitus, 17% hypertension / renal vascular disease, 15% glomerulonephritis and 48% other primary renal diseases).